However, the A.M.A. House of Delegates will convene in Chicago on Monday, December 3, and hold meetings through Thursday, December 6, 1945.

Unless present plans go awry, the next general meeting of the American Medical Association will be held in 1946 in San Francisco, the tentative time being set for days in either July or August, 1946. By then, the major transportation difficulties, so much in evidence at the present time, should have abated.

It is possible that definite dates for the 1946 A.M.A. meeting in San Francisco may be set by the A.M.A. House of Delegates when it convenes in Chicago in December next.

Members of the California Medical Association are urged to keep these coming meetings in mind, and if possible to be present in person.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA WILL ESTAB-LISH A MEDICAL SCHOOL IN LOS ANGELES

University of California at Los Angeles (U.C.L.A.) to be Given a Medical Department.

—With little forewarning or preliminary general discussion, came the announcement in California newspapers on October 20, that the Regents of the University of California, at a meeting held on the previous day at the campus of University of California in Los Angeles, had adopted the following resolution:

MEDICAL SCHOOL—UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES:

The Committee on Southern California Schools, Colleges, and Irst'tutions recommended the adoption of the following resolution:

"WHEREAS, There now exists throughout Southern California an urgent need for a medical school as a part of the educational system of the University of California; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved. That the Board of Regents forthwith establish a school of medicine in Los Angeles, and the President of the University is authorized and directed to take such action as may be necessary or proper to that end, including a request to the Governor that adequate budget provisions for that purpose be submitted to the legislature at its next meeting, whether special or regular, and that the legislature be urged to appropriate the necessary funds."

On motion the Board adopted the recommendation of the Committee on Southern California Schools, Colleges, and Institutions as set forth above.

A newspaper item referring to the above appears in this issue of California and Western Medicine, on page 234.

Initial Committee to Outline Plans for the School Has Been Appointed.—To put in effect the resolution of the Regents, University of California President Robert G. Sproul has appointed a committee consisting of faculty members from the Berkeley, San Francisco and Los Angeles campuses. Early in November this Committee will meet and discuss some of the essential groundwork of the proposed medical school in

Los Angeles, that would be operated as one of the Southern California departments, and of which division, Dr. Clarence A. Dykstra, (former president of the University of Wisconsin), is now the head, in his position as Vice-President and Provost of the University.

Legislative Appropriation Will be Needed.— Just when the new school will be started is not known at this time, since a special legislative appropriation will be needed to inaugurate the work.

It may be assumed,—as has been the case with other medical schools that have come into existence in recent years—that the new School of Medicine, U. of C., will begin its work with a single freshman class, say of 60 students; in each succeeding year a new freshman class being enrolled, so that at the end of four years, a full four year course would be in operation.

Los Angeles Has Ample Clinical Facilities for Three Medical Schools.—Los Angeles, with its population of almost two million persons, at the present time is the seat of two undergraduate medical schools: University of Southern California School of Medicine, and the College of Medical Evangelists. The clinical facilities available in Los Angeles are ample to supply the needs of three Class A medical schools.

The addition of the proposed Los Angeles Medical School of the University of California would give an impetus and make for increased interest in medical study and research, and be a distinct and helpful aid in the promotion of health, and the prevention and cure of disease in our State.

It is to be hoped that the initial plans for the new school will go on to happy fruition.

MEDICAL EPONYM

Wernicke's Disease

The original account of this condition, by Carl W. Wernicke (1848-1905), at that time *Privat-dozent* at the University of Berlin, appears in his *Lehrbuch der Gehirnkrankheiten für Aerste un Studirende* (Kassel and Berlin, 1881: Vol. II, pages 229 to 242), under the title "Die acute, hämorrhagische Poliencephalitis superior [Acute Hemorrhagic Superior Polioencephalitis]." A portion of the translation follows:

"We are here dealing with an independent inflammatory, acute disease of the nuclei of the nerves suplying the eye muscles, which results in death within a period of ten to fourteen days. The localizing symptoms consist in associated ocular muscle palsies, which appear suddenly, progress and lead finally to almost complete paralysis of the eye muscles. Certain muscles, however, such as the sphincter iridis or the levator palpebrarum, are spared. The patients' gait become uncertain, showing a combination of stiffness with ataxia, usually suggesting the ataxia of the alcoholic. The general symptoms are striking, and consist in disturbances of consciousness, either somnolence from the outset, or an end stage of somnolence introduced by a more prolonged period of agitation. Further, in all 3 cases there was involvement of the optic nerve, consisting of inflammatory changes in the papilla." -R. W. B. in The New England Journal of Medicine.